# Article information:

What is a walkable place? The walkability debate in urban design | SpringerLink
<https://link.springer.com/article/10.1057/udi.2015.22>

# Article summary:

1. Walkability is a term used to refer to several different phenomena, including the means or conditions by which walking is enabled, the outcomes or performance of walkable environments, and walkability as a proxy for better urban places.

2. The lack of clarity in defining walkability can lead to conflicting solutions and make it difficult to develop a theory to guide practice.

3. More can be done in urban design to consider factors beyond physical components that come together to make a walkable place, such as pricing of relevant alternatives, policies and programs supporting walking, and characteristics of the population.

# Article rating:

Appears moderately imbalanced: The article provides some useful information, but is missing several important points or pieces of evidence that would be required to present the discussed topics in a balanced and reliable way. You are encouraged to seek a more balanced perspective on the presented issues by exploring the provided research topics and looking at different information sources.

# Article analysis:

作为一篇关于步行友好环境的文章，该文对“步行友好性”这一概念进行了探讨和定义。然而，该文存在一些偏见和不足之处。

首先，该文没有充分考虑到步行友好性的社会和经济方面的影响。例如，步行友好环境可能会导致房价上涨、贫困人口被迫迁离等问题。此外，该文也没有探讨步行友好性与城市规划中其他因素（如交通流量、公共设施等）之间的相互作用。

其次，该文提出了多种定义步行友好性的方法，但并未提供足够的证据来支持这些方法。例如，在提出“最小定义”的同时，并未说明为什么这是最合适的定义方式。

此外，该文还存在宣传内容和偏袒现象。例如，在讨论步行友好性对解决肥胖危机等问题的作用时，没有提及其他可能更有效的解决方案。

综上所述，尽管该文对步行友好环境进行了探讨和定义，但其存在一些偏见和不足之处。在今后研究中应更加全面地考虑到社会、经济等方面因素，并提供更充分的证据来支持所提出的观点。

# Topics for further research:

* 社会和经济影响
* 城市规划中其他因素
* 步行友好性定义方法的证据支持
* 其他解决肥胖危机的方案
* 全面考虑社会、经济等方面因素
* 提供更充分的证据支持观点

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