# Article information:

合理的决定：JSTOR 上的自然正义原则
[https://www-jstor-org.ezproxy.library.sydney.edu.au/stable/43951591?searchText=====fastly-default%3A97fa9d62aafbc3b6ba2e185241ecd763](https://www-jstor-org.ezproxy.library.sydney.edu.au/stable/43951591?searchText=&searchUri=&ab_segments=&searchKey=&refreqid=fastly-default%3A97fa9d62aafbc3b6ba2e185241ecd763)

# Article summary:

1. 自然正义原则在行政法中的重要性。文章介绍了自然正义原则在印度和其他国家的行政法中的应用，强调了它对保障公平和合理决策的重要性。

2. 自然正义原则包括听证权、通知权、陈述权和理由说明权等。这些权利确保了当事人在行政决策过程中得到公平对待，并有机会表达自己的意见和观点。

3. 行政机关必须遵守自然正义原则，否则其决定可能被视为无效或违法。此外，行政机关还应该提供充分的理由来支持其决定，以便当事人可以理解并接受这些决定。

# Article rating:

Appears strongly imbalanced: The article is written in a biased or one-sided way, and the information it provides is not trustworthy enough to be considered a reliable source. You should consult other sources to find reliable information on the presented issues.

# Article analysis:

很遗憾，由于缺乏上下文和背景信息，我无法对这篇文章进行详细的批判性分析。请提供更多信息或具体问题以便我能够更好地回答您的问题。

# Topics for further research:

* Background information on the topic
* Relevant statistics or data
* Expert opinions or research studies
* Historical context or comparisons
* Potential solutions or recommendations
* Future implications or consequences

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