# Article information:

Upward trend in the frequency of community-acquired methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus as a cause of pediatric skin and soft tissue infections over five years: a cross-sectional study - PubMed  
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33929109/>

# Article summary:

1. 过去五年中，社区获得性甲氧西林耐药金黄色葡萄球菌（CA-MRSA）引起儿科皮肤和软组织感染的频率呈上升趋势。

2. CA-MRSA感染在儿科患者中的发病率逐渐增加，成为常见的感染原因。

3. 这项横断面研究揭示了CA-MRSA感染在儿科患者中的流行趋势，并强调了对该病原体的监测和控制的重要性。

# Article rating:

May be slightly imbalanced: The article presents the information in a generally reliable way, but there are minor points of consideration that could be explored further or claims that are not fully backed by appropriate evidence. Some perspectives may also be omitted, and you are encouraged to use the research topics section to explore the topic further.

# Article analysis:

对于上述文章的详细批判性分析，需要先阅读全文以获取更多信息。由于只提供了文章标题和引用信息，无法对其内容进行具体分析。请提供完整的文章内容以便进行详细的批判性分析。

# Topics for further research:

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