# Article information:

Socrates, Plato and Aristotle – Philosophical Thoughts of Three Great Thinkers - Makeup & Breakup  
<https://makeupandbreakup.com/2018/11/02/socrates-plato-and-aristotle-philosophical-thoughts-of-three-great-thinkers/>

# Article summary:

1. Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle were influential ancient Greek philosophers who laid the foundations for modern philosophy.

2. Socrates questioned everything and believed in the practice of teaching through questioning, while Plato was more of an idealist and believed in an "Ideal State" without private property or family. Aristotle was a realist who believed in a "Practical State" with private property and family.

3. The student-teacher-student relationship between these great thinkers was fascinating, with Plato learning from Socrates and Aristotle learning from Plato. Their profound thoughts continue to influence and inspire us today.

# Article rating:

Appears strongly imbalanced: The article is written in a biased or one-sided way, and the information it provides is not trustworthy enough to be considered a reliable source. You should consult other sources to find reliable information on the presented issues.

# Article analysis:

The article provides a brief overview of the philosophical thoughts of Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle. While it does touch upon some key aspects of their ideas, it lacks depth and critical analysis. The author presents the three philosophers as great thinkers who laid the foundations for modern Western philosophy without exploring the potential biases and limitations of their ideas.

One-sided reporting is evident in the author's portrayal of Socrates as a great ethical thinker but downplaying his contributions to logic and epistemology. Similarly, while Aristotle is presented as a scientist and biologist, his philosophical ideas are not given enough attention. The article also fails to explore counterarguments or alternative perspectives on the philosophers' ideas.

The author's bias towards Plato's idealism is evident in their description of an "Ideal State" where there is no private property or family. While this may be an interesting idea to explore, it is presented without any critical analysis or consideration of its potential drawbacks. Similarly, Aristotle's emphasis on practicality and realism is presented without any exploration of its limitations or potential risks.

The article also contains promotional content in the form of a book recommendation that appears to be unrelated to the topic at hand. This raises questions about the author's intentions and whether they are using the article as a platform for advertising.

Overall, while the article provides some basic information about Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle, it lacks critical analysis and depth. It presents their ideas in a one-sided manner without exploring alternative perspectives or potential biases.

# Topics for further research:

* Criticisms of Socrates' philosophical ideas
* Epistemological contributions of Socrates
* Alternative perspectives on Plato's idealism
* Limitations of Aristotle's practicality and realism
* Biases and limitations of Socrates
* Plato
* and Aristotle's ideas
* Counterarguments to the Ideal State concept in Plato's philosophy

# Report location:

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