# Article information:

RAPID-ADPKD（常染色体显性遗传性多囊肾病 rapId 病进展的亚太地区患者的回顾性流行病学研究）：一项跨国回顾性队列研究的研究方案 - PMC  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7045131/>

# Article summary:

1. RAPID-ADPKD是一项针对亚太地区ADPKD患者的多国回顾性观察性队列研究，旨在确定疾病快速进展的ADPKD患者的临床特征。

2. 该队列将包括具有 ≥2 次 eGFR 记录和至少 24 个月随访数据的患者，并将收集人口统计信息、临床特征、合并症、药物等数据。

3. 研究结果将介绍亚洲人群ADPKD的临床特征，疾病进展的危险因素和并发症模式的数据。

# Article rating:

Appears moderately imbalanced: The article provides some useful information, but is missing several important points or pieces of evidence that would be required to present the discussed topics in a balanced and reliable way. You are encouraged to seek a more balanced perspective on the presented issues by exploring the provided research topics and looking at different information sources.

# Article analysis:

作为一篇研究方案，本文并没有提供实际的研究结果，因此无法进行批判性分析。但是，可以指出该研究可能存在的偏见和局限性。首先，该研究只针对亚太地区的患者进行观察，可能无法代表全球ADPKD患者的情况。其次，该研究采用回顾性观察性队列研究设计，存在信息偏倚和遗漏的风险。此外，在收集数据时可能存在测量误差和不一致性问题。最后，由于本文并未提供具体的研究结果和分析，因此无法评估其是否存在宣传内容或偏袒等问题。

# Topics for further research:

* ADPKD prevalence and characteristics in different regions
* Prospective cohort study design for ADPKD research
* Sources of bias and limitations in retrospective observational studies
* Methods for minimizing measurement error and inconsistency in data collection
* Importance of providing specific research results and analysis
* Potential for promotional content or bias in research publications

# Report location:

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